> *Welcome* Bill Cary, Brooks Pierce

> > March 25, 2020

## **Zoom Information and Reminders:**

- Mute when not speaking (bottom left screen).
- Chat "tech Support" participant if having difficulties.
- Can't see video? Follow along with agenda and slides.
- Dial-in from Zoom #s if you get disconnected.

This meeting is being audio recorded for note taking purposes only and to share with any work group members unable to participate today. The recordings will not be shared with the public.

> Statement by: Michael S. Regan, Secretary N.C. Department of Environmental Quality

# **Meeting Overview:**

- Four Work Groups Meeting Today and Concurrently
  - a.m. New Development and Roadways
  - p.m. Stormwater Retrofit and Working Lands

# Agenda Overview:

- Project Overview and Defining "Nature-based Stormwater Strategies"
- Remarks from The Pew Charitable Trusts
- Facilitated Group Session
  - Nature-based Stormwater Strategies and Future Opportunities
  - Existing and Perceived Impediments to Implementation
  - Identify Research Needs
  - Next Steps

> Project Overview and Defining "Nature-based Stormwater Strategies" Stormwater Retrofit Work Group

Lauren Kolodij, North Carolina Coastal Federation

# **Increased Volumes of Stormwater Runoff and Flooding**

- Both urban and rural land uses alter natural hydrology.
- Alterations effect the land's capacity to collect and absorb rain and storms.
- Stormwater runoff causes flooding.
- Stormwater runoff carries pollutants to surface waters.
- Intensity and frequency of storms are magnifying problems.
- Statewide Issue.

# Urban and Rural Land Uses Alter Natural Hydrology Result in Flooding and Surface Water Degradation







#### **HEWLETTS CREEK WATERSHED 1-YR STORM**



#### **CHANGES IN SHELLFISH CLOSURE BOUNDARIES**

P.C. A.		3100	ALC BOX	4 Miss	
	- A- A-			1000 11:00	
A-1 SGA Identifier	The Marian	SAN TONE			
SGA Boundary		RU U		als . "	1 17
Closure Lines	TED STON		State 1 1 1 1 1 5 5		
SGA Classifications	Part and a start	2/EL2/7/6/		1981	
APP	ROM AND	N		and the second	
CA-0	ADA	NAD83			
CA-C	Locator Man	NC State Plan	e		
CSHA-P	Cut Eccator Map	0 0.375 0.75	ei	And the second	2010

# Impact of Nature-based Stormwater Strategy Approach

- Maintain natural hydrology and capacity of land to collect and infiltrate.
- Mimic natural hydrology (retrofits).
- Reduce flooding.
- Protect and restore water quality.
- Result in more resilient communities statewide.
- Multiple co-benefits including economic and aesthetic.

# Snapshot of Nature-based Stormwater Strategies









# Working Together Toward Solutions:

- Governor's Executive Order 80
- June 2019 Workshop
- Determined Need to Assemble Experts to Collaborate Toward Solutions
- Project Team Formed
- Work Groups Assembled



# Work Group Goals:

- Develop and implement consensus-driven statewide Nature-based Stormwater Strategy Action Plan.
- Increase the use of naturebased stormwater strategies where practicable to reduce flooding and protect water quality.



## Work Group Charge:

- Evaluate current use of nature-based stormwater strategies, opportunities and need.
- Identify real and perceived impediments to its use.
- Formulate set of recommendations for advancing where feasible.

# **Project Schedule:**

March 2020	Introductory meeting, identify impediments to implementation		
May 2020	Compile policy, funding, and promotion needs for nature-based strategy implementation		
July 2020	Develop draft Plan with tools to advance policies, funding, and promotion		
Nov. 2020	Review and finalize Plan		
March 2021	Host Nature-based Stormwater Strategy Summit		

Nature-based stormwater strategies for existing land uses include cost-effective landscaped features and other designed and engineered techniques to infiltrate, store and filter rain where it falls.

Retrofitting existing developments by disconnecting impervious surfaces to slow stormwater runoff and promote infiltration can restore a site's natural hydrology and capacity to capture and treat runoff.





This site now collects and absorbs stormwater that previously flowed into street drains and straight through pipes to surface waters. It is planted with native plants and turf that soak up rainwater and prevent polluted runoff.



This local government installed a rain garden to help reduce flooding and ponding.



This parking lot was retrofitted to include a permeable parking strip that collects and absorbs stormwater that previously flowed into street drains. Notice the runoff from the conventional paved surface above.



An underground detention chamber, bioswales, and cistern are three types of strategies used at the Market of Colonnade infill development site.

# Working Together: Remarks From The Pew Charitable Trusts

Yaron Miller, The Pew Charitable Trusts



Flood-Prepared Communities The Pew Charitable Trusts



Reduce the impact of weather-related catastrophes, such as floods and hurricanes, on the U.S. taxpayer and environment by better preparing communities through federal and state policy reform in four areas: federal flood insurance, infrastructure, pre-disaster mitigation, and nature-based solutions to flood control.

# North Carolina Climate Science Report



#### **Looking Back:**

An upward trend in the number of heavy rainfall events (3 inches or more in a day), with 2015–2018 having the greatest number of events since 1900.

#### **Looking Forward:**

It is *likely* that annual total precipitation in North Carolina will increase. It is **very likely** that extreme precipitation frequency and intensity in North Carolina will increase.



Stormwater Retrofit Work Group Facilitated Session Bill Cary, Brooks Pierce

# **Opportunities**

- How are nature-based stormwater strategies being applied in North Carolina?
- With optimal, unimpeded application of naturebased stormwater strategies, what does North Carolina look like in 10 years?
- Can you share additional nature-based stormwater strategy successes? (in NC or other states)

# Impediments

- What are the impediments to implementing nature-based stormwater strategies?
  - Awareness?
  - Regulatory Constraints (fed, state and local level)?
  - Costs?
  - Demand?
- How are nature-based stormwater strategies perceived in your field? By your colleagues?

## **Research Needs to Advance Our Work**

- Current policies and regulations?
- Current funding sources?
- Initiatives from other states?
- Other?

## **Next Steps**

- Follow Up Form to Solicit Additional Ideas.
- Send Meeting Notes.
- Project Team Complete Research.
- Work Group Meeting late May (begin recommendation development).
- Questions? Contact Lauren Kolodij, North Carolina Coastal Federation at laurenk@nccoast.org
- Thank You!